

COUNTY BOROUGH OF STOCKPORT



NNUAL REPORT

of the

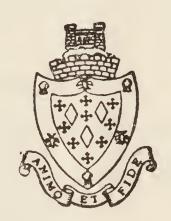
MEDICAL OFFICER
OF HEALTH

J. YULE, M.D., D.P.H.

1946







Annual Report

ON THE

Health

OF THE

County Borough of Stockport For the Year 1946.

J. YULE, M.D., D.P.H. Medical Officer of Health.

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2018 with funding from Wellcome Library

To the Worshipful the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the County Borough of Stockport.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

HAVE the honour to submit to you the Report on the health of the Borough during the year, 1946. The report has again been markedly curtailed to conform with the desire of the Ministry of Health. However, all the essential statistics necessary for the complete continuity of the records of the Borough are included.

- (1) The Registrar-General's estimated civilian population for the Borough at mid-year 1946, is 137,680 as against the figure of 129,280 for the previous year, an increase of 8,400. This figure is based primarily on the National Register enumeration taken at the end of September, 1939, adjusted for the subsequent movement of population derived from that Register. Non-civilians (i.e., Stockport inhabitants serving with His Majesty's Forces) are excluded from this estimate.
- (2) The Birth Rate (19.49) is the highest recorded in the Borough since 1921, and compares very favourably with the average (15.41) for the previous 10 years, and also with the rate of 19.10 for England and Wales for 1946.
- (3) The Death Rate (13.12) compares with 13.46 for the previous year.
- (4) The Infant Mortality Rate (51.43) is the lowest ever recorded in the Borough and compares very favourably with 68.53 for the previous year The previous lowest rate for the Borough was 54.63 in 1934.
- (5) The Maternal Mortality Rate of 1.08 per 1,000 Total Births is the lowest ever recorded in the Borough, and compares very favourably with 2.70 in the previous year. 3 deaths occurred in connection with 2,790 live and still births.
- (6) There is a reduction in the Death Rate from Tuberculosis of the Lungs 0.39 as against 0.49 for 1945, and also a reduction in the rate of other Tubercular Diseases, 0.04 as against 0.06 for 1945. Both these rates are the lowest ever recorded in the Borough.

Infectious Diseases.

One of the outstanding features of the year has been the still further reduction in the incidence of Diphtheria, which dropped to 25 cases (with one death), a very gratifying record, compared with 92 cases in 1945, and 154 in 1944. This is, of course, undoubtedly due to the high percentage of children, both under School age (56.28%) and of School age (86.52%), immunised.

The number of notifications of Scarlet Fever cases was 122 as against 367 in the previous year, whilst Measles decreased from 1,246 to 756 cases.

Headlice.

It will be observed on Page 50 that there have been very few cases of verminous heads in the Pre-School Child.

Arrangements for treatment are detailed in the body of the Report

Scabies.

The freatment of Scabies was continued at the Decontamination Centre, St. Saviour's First Aid Post, which reverted to a Child Welfare Centre from 1st July, 1946. It is satisfactory to record the continued decline of cases requiring treatment.

Venereal Diseases.

As an aftermath of War there has been an increase in the incidence of Venereal Diseases during the year. Attempts have been made, both by propaganda and the provision of an additional session, established in 1943, for female patients, to combat this serious menace.

Pathological Laboratory.

The Municipal Laboratory which was established at Stepping Hill Hospital in 1943, is now functioning to full capacity and is proving a huge success from every point of view.

Details of the work done are shown on Page 18.

War-Time Nurseries.

The six Nurseries (giving accommodation for 372 children) ran smoothly and to full capacity during the year. The Education Committee became responsible for the administration of the Nurseries, apart from Daw Bank Nursery, from the 1st April, 1946.

Staff.

I wish to place on record my thanks to the Staff of the various branches of the Public Health Department for their continued loyal assistance and response to all demands made upon them.

I am deeply grateful to the various Committees for their consideration and encouragement at all times.

I have the honour to be, Your obedient Servant,

> J. YULE, Medical Officer of Health.

Public Health Department, Town Hall, Stockport. May, 1947.

COUNTY BOROUGH OF STOCKPORT.

	_				
	Statistical	Memo	randum.		
	S	Stockport.	England and	& Great	148 Smaller
	Population (Census 1931)	125,490	Wales.	Towns.	Towns.
	Estimated Civilian Populat'n, Mid-year	137,680			
	Area in Acres	7967 19.49	19.1	22.2	21.3
	Do. do. average for five years, 1941-	13.43	13.1	to to . L	21.3
	1945 Still-birth Rate per 1,000 population.	16.65 0.78	0.53	0.67	
	Do. do. average for five years, 1941—	0.78	0.53	0.67	0.59
	1945 General Death Rate per 1,000	0.60		40.7	
	Do. do. average for five years, 1941-	13.12	11.5	12.7	11.7
	1945	13.69		_	_
	Infantile Death Rate per 1,000 Births Do. do. average for five years, 1941-	51.43	43.0	46.0	37.0
	1945	68.88			announced by the second
	Death Rate from Seven Principal Zymotic Diseases	0.03		_	
	Death Rate from Phthisis (Pulmonary	0.00			
and the same of th	Consumption) per 1,000 Death Rate from all other Tubercular	0.39		_	
Proposition of the last	Diseases	0.04		_	
	Statistics and Social	Condi	tions of	the Area	
	Area (in acres)	civilian p	oopulation, according t	1946 o rate books	41,623 f9 45,500
and the second	Extracts from vital statistics for the	year :—			, , – , – ,
	Live Births: Legitimate 2504	M.	F. 1191 > Bint	Data non 10	00 -041
			> est	timated reside	nt popu-
	Illegitimate 179 Stillbirths 107	$86 \dots 52$	93) lat	sion, (137,680)	19.49.
Name and Address of the Owner, where			(li-	per 1,000 to ve and stillbirt	hs), 38.35
	Deaths 1806	907	899 Deat	th Rate per 1,0	000 of the
			lat	timated reside $timated$	13.12.
	Deaths from diseases and accidents of	pregnancy	and childle	oirth :—	1000 total :
	From Sepsis			No. (live a d	still) births .36
	,, other causes	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	2 0	.72
The second second	Total	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • •	3 1	.08
]	Death Rate of Infants under one year	of age :—			
3	All Infants per 1,000 live births Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitim Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegiti Deaths from Cancer (all ages) Measles (all ages) Whooping Cough (all ages) Diarrhoea (under 2 years of	nate live b	oirthsbirths		51.43 48.72 89.39 256 4 3 29

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF VITAL STATISTICS.

YEAR 1946.

	ate.	Death Rate.	Mor	intile tality ate.	sth Rate Phthisis.	Death Rate from other wb. Diseases.		Materne Rate (pe Live &	er 1000) Tota	ıl
	Birth Rate.		Year 1946.	Average 5 years 1941-45	Death from Ph	Death from Tub. Dis	(140) Abortion with Sepsis	(141) Abortion without Sepsis	(147) Puerperal	(142-6) (148-150) Other	
England & Wales	19.1	11.5	43	50	*	*	0.13	0.06	0.18	1.06	1.4
126 GREAT TOWNS	22.2	12.7	46	5 9	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Birkenhead	23.5	13.7	67	76	0.86	0.08		• •	0.6	0.9	1
Burnley	19.24	14.61	44.63	59.51	0.43	0.16	• •	• •	• •	0.61	0
Bury	18.36	14.50	58	49	0.34	0.04	• •	• •	0.95	0.95	1
Halifax	18.6	14.4	31.01	5 0	0.37	0.06			• •	1.1	1
Huddersfield.	18.74	14.67	5 0	63	0.49	0.06	• •	• •	• •	0.85	0.
Liverpool	25.2	13.2	74	78	0.79	0.11	• •	• •	0.10	0.89	0
Manchester	20.89	13.52	63.71	63.85	0.69	0.10	0.28		0.07	1.25	1
Oldham	18.34	14.56	43.15	5 9.01	0.45	0.06	0.46		ν.	1.37	1.
Preston	20.86	12.61	5 6	60.6	0.46	0.09	• •	• •	• •	1.68	1
Rochdale	17.8	14.9	49	55	0.36	0.12		• •	• •	3.17	3.,
Salford	22.7	13.3	53	73	0.80	0.05		• •	0.25	2.53	2
St. Helens	22.2	11.0	59.9	65.2	4.58	0.38	• •	• •	0.415	0.415	0
Stockport	19.49	13.12	51.43	68.88	0.39	0.04	0.36	• •	0.72		1
Wallasey	21.37	12.55	42.2	55.0	0.57	0.09	• •			0.01	0
Wigan	20.16	11.55	5 2	71	0.43	0.04	• •	• •	0.57	2.87	3

^{*} Not available.

Population.

The Registrar-General's estimate of the civilian population for the Borough at mid-year, 1946, is 137,680, an increase of 8,400 on the previous year. This figure is based primarily on the National Register enumeration taken at the end of September, 1939, adjusted for the subsequent movement of population derived from that Register. Non-Civilians (i.e., Stockport inhabitants serving with His Majesty's Forces) are excluded from this estimate.

Births.

The corrected number of births registered for the Borough during 1946, was 2,683, of which 1,409 were males and 1,274 females. The birth-rate per thousand of the population was equal to 19.49, and is the highest birth rate recorded in the borough since 1921, the figure for 1945, being 16.59. In 1945, there were 2,145 births—1,053 males, 1092, females.

The Birth Rate for the country as a whole was 19.1.

Deaths.

The corrected number of deaths recorded during 1946, was 1,806, namely, 907 males and 899 females. The death-rate per thousand of the estimated population was 13.12, as compared with 13.46 in 1945.

The Rate for England and Wales was 11.5.

More detailed information and certain comparative rates of other similar towns are shown in the tables on pages 3-6-10.

		1946		1945
Th	ne chief causes of Death were:-			
	Heart Disease	547		463
	Other Circulatory Diseases	51		45
	Cancer, Malignant Disease	25 6		286
	Pneumonia (all forms)	7 8	• •	69
	Tuberculosis (all forms)	6 0		72
	Kidney Disease	39		38
	Intracranial Vascular Lesions	220		183
	Bronchitis	116	• •	123
	Influenza	13	• •	3
Th	ere were also the following deaths from	:		
	Suicide	18	• •	12
	Other Violence	41		45
FETT				

The Zymotic Death Rate for the whole Borough was 0.03.

The Death Rate from Pulmonary Tuberculosis, or consumption of the lungs, for the whole of the Borough was 0.39 per 1,000 of the population (and is the lowest ever recorded in the borough), as compared with 0.49 for 1945, and the total number of deaths recorded was 54, as compared with 64 for 1945.

The number of deaths of children under one year of age was 138, giving an Infant Mortality Rate for 1946 of 51.43, compared with 147 deaths for 1945, with a Rate of 68.53. The Rate for 1946, for England and Wale was 43, and for the County Boroughs and Great Towns 46.

Illegitimacy.

During the year there were 179 illegitimate births recorded by the Registrar-General as belonging to the Borough, as compared with 190 illegitimate birth rate of 66.72 per thousand total live births, as compared with 88.57 in 1945.

The infant mortality rate amongst illegitimate children was 89.39 per thousand illegitimate births.

The following table shows the comparison between the death rates collegitimate children and others registered in the Borough during the pass few years:—

	Esti- mated	Bii	rths.		timate	Total $deaths$	Infant mor-	$Deaths \ of \ illegiti-$	Illegiti mate infant mortalit
Year	$egin{aligned} popula-\ tion. \end{aligned}$	Legit- imate		to 1000 pop l'n		under 1 year of age	tality per 1000 $births.$	mates under 1 year of age.	per 100 illegiti mate births.
1934	128050	1666	73	0.57	41.98	95	54.63	6	82.2
1935	130600	1609	80	0.61	47.37	97	57.43	3	37.5
1936	131807	1718	81	0.61	45.03	136	75.60	9	111.]
1937	133700	1805	85	0.64	44.97	107	56.61	3	35.2
1938	134800	1866	68	0.50	3 5.16	109	56.36	9	132.3
1939	135600	1832	83	0.61	43.34	134	69.97	13	156.6
1940	132600	1841	91	0.69	47.10	117	60.25	9	98.9
1941	131310	1773	86	0.66	46.26	141	75.32	10	114.9
1942	128900	2026	112	0.87	52.39	144	67.35	9	80.3
1943	127200	2078	123	0.97	55.84	143	64.97	16	130.0
1944	129050	2271	132	1.02	54.93	164	68.25	17	128.7
1945	129280	1955	190	1.47	88.57	147	68.53	16	84.1
1946	137680	2504	179	1.30	66.72	138	51.43	16	89.:

(Private families or separate occupiers: 33,760.

AL STATISTICS OF WHOLE BOROUGH DURING 1946, AND PREVIOUS YEARS. VIT

TOTAL DEATHS TRANSFERABLE (NETT DEATHS BELONGING TO	HE DEATHS.		registered registered in the District. District.	8 7 8 10 11 12 19	1907 14.46 294 121 136 76 1734 13.16	2084 15.59 332 112 107 57 1864 13.94	1989 14.75 337 105 109 56 1757 13.03	2047 15.14 348 134 134 70 1833 13.56	2289 17.26 386 120 117 60 2026 15.28	2154 16.40 399 111 141 75 1862 14.18	1908 14.80 341 104 144 67 1671 12.96	2029 15.95 371 123 143 65 1781 14.00	1997 15.47 333 125 164 68 1789 13.86	2019 15.61 385 108 147 68 1741 13.46		
SFERABLE	SATHS.		dents not registered in the District.	6	121	112	105	134	120		104	123	125	108		
	TOTAL DEATH RECISTERED IN DISTRICT.	TOTAL DEAT REGISTREED IN DISTRICT.		Number. Ra	9	-										
		Nett.	Rate,	5	13.65	14.14	14.35	14.12	14.57	14.16	16.59	17.30	18.62	16.59		
BIRTHS.			Number.	4	1799	1890	1934	1915	1932	1859	2138	2201	2403	2145		
			corrected Number.	8	1940	2124	* 2184	† 2223	2250	2217	2405	2407	2676	2415		
	Total	estimated	each Year.	2	131,807	133,700	134,800	(135,200†	132,600	131,310	128,900	127,200	129,060	129,280		
		YBAR.			1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945		

[†] Estimated population for Death Rate Calculations. * Estimated population for Birth Rate Calculations.

BIRTH RATE, DEATH RATE, INFANT MORTALITY RATE, AND ZYMOTIC DEATH RATE (1917-1946).

Year.	Birth-rate	$Death ext{-}rate.$	Infant Mortality.	Zymotic Death-rate.
1917	15.17	13.18	96	0.54
1918	13.84	18.29	112	0.69
1919	15.05	13.33	98	0.32
1920	22.20	12.87	97	0.88
1921	20.43	12.16	91	0.53
1922	17.42	13.37	77	0.53
1923	17.63	12.66	92	0.35
1924	16.37	13.86	87	0.51
1925	16.51	13.94	97	0.49
1926	16.06	12.78	82	0.40
1927	14.66	12.54	77	0.26
1928	14.32	12.79	77	0.31
1929	13.30	13.87	92	0.23
193 0	13.79	12.02	57	0.39
1931	13.60	13.85	79	0.27
1932	12.66	12.72	71	0.45
1933	12.23	13.83	83	0.31
1934	13.58	11.85	55	0.23
1935	12.93	11.97	57	0.24
1936	13.65	13.16	76	0.35
1937	14.14	13.94	57	0.12
1938	14.35	13.03	56	0.32
1939	14.12	13.56	70	0.26
1940	14.57	15.28	60	0.26
1941	14.16	14.18	75	0.44
1942	16.59	12.96	67	0.40
1943	17.30	14.00	64	0.25
1944	18.62	13.86	68	0.32
1945	16.59	13.46	68	0.43
1946	19.49	13.12	51	0.03

CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE IN THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF STOCKPORT, 1946.

Causes of Death.	Sex.	0	1—	5—	15	45	65—	Total
Typhoid & Paratyphoid Fevers								
Carabra Spinal Forces	F. M.	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	d •	
Cerebro-Spinal Fever	F.		• •		2			$\frac{\cdot}{2}$
Scarlet Fever	M.				• •			
Whening Cough	F. M.	1	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	1
Whooping Cough	F.	1	2	• •	• •		• •	$\frac{1}{2}$
Diphtheria	M.		1	• •		• •	• •	1
Tuboroulogic of Pospiratory	F. M.	2		• •	i	20	5	37
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System		<i>-</i>	1	$\overset{\cdot}{2}$	9	3	$\frac{3}{2}$	17
Other Forms of Tuberculosis	M.	1	• •		1		• •	2
Symbilitie Discours	F.	1	• •	1	2	• •	• •	6
Syphilitic Diseases	M. F.		• •	• •	• •	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	3 2	8
Influenza	M.				1	1	1	3
Manalan	F.	1	• •	• •	• •	4	5	10
Measles	M. F.	i	1	1	i	• •	• •	$\frac{1}{3}$
Acute Poliomyelitis & Polio-	M.		• •				• •	
encephalitis		1	• •		• •	• •	• •	1
Acute Infectious Encephalitis	M. F.	• •	• •	• •		$\overset{\cdot}{2}$	• •	$\frac{\cdot}{2}$
Cancer of Buccal Cavity &	M.				• •		8	8
Oesophagus-Uterus (F)			• •	• •	2	6	4	12
Cancer of Stomach & Duodenum	M. F.	• •	• •	• •	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{18}{3}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ 17 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 35 \\ 22 \\ \hline \end{array}$
Cancer of Breast	M.	• •	• •					
	F.			• •	3	8	10	21
Cancer of all other sites	M. F.	• •	• •	$\frac{\cdot \cdot}{2}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 42 \\ 22 \\ \end{array}$	46 38	94 64
Diabetes	M.							04
	F.			• •			6	6
Intracranial Vascular Lesions	M. F.		• •	• •	$\frac{\cdot}{2}$	$\begin{vmatrix} 31\\35 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 62 \\ 90 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 93 \\ 127 \\ \end{array}$
Heart Disease		•	•	i	14	71	170	256
	F.		• •	1	9	46	235	291
Other Diseases of Circulatory	M. F.		• •			6 3	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 22 \\ 20 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c } 28 \\ 23 \end{array}$
SystemBronchitis	1				5	31	33	69
	F.	1				11	3 5	47
Pneumonia	M. F.	14 12	$\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$		3	11 8	11	43 35
Other Respiratory Diseases	1	1.2	1		2	6	3	11
	F.	1				8	4	8
Ulcer of Stomach or Duodenum	M. F.	• •	• •	• •	3	7	4	14 2
Diarrhoea under 2 years	1	20			1		1	20
	F.	9		• •				9
Appendicitis								
	F.	1			1	1	4	4

Diarrhoea at ages 2 years and over are included under No. 27 Other digestive diseases.

CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE IN THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF STOCKPORT, 1946—Continued.

	Causes of Death.	Sex.	0	1	5—	15—	45	65—	Tot
27.	Other Digestive Diseases	М.	2	1		2	8	6	18
28.	Nephritis	F. M. F.	• •	• •	1	$\frac{3}{2}$	7 8 7	9 11 11	20. 21 18.
29.	Puer. & Post-abort. Sepsis		• •	• •	• •	$\frac{\cdot \cdot}{2}$	• •	•••	• 5
3 0.	Other Maternal Causes	M. F.	• •	• •		1		• •	•
31.	Premature Birth		19	• •			,		19
32.	Congenital Malformations, Injury at Birth, etc	M.	19 18	2	i	1			2;2 19
33.		M. F.	• •	• •		7	4 4	2	1
34.	Road Traffic Accidents	1	• •	2	2 2	3	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	
35.	Other Violent Causes	M. F.	i 1	3 2	2	1 1	1	$\frac{2}{12}$	10 11
36.	All Other Causes		$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	11 9	46 63	7
	All Causes	M. F.	82 56 *	14 8	10 12	69 54	281 189	45 1 580	90\ 8 9

*Under 1 year \{ \begin{aligned} \text{Legit.} & \text{Illegit.} \\ \text{M... } 73 & \dots & 9 \\ \text{F... } 49 & \dots & 7 \\ \text{122} & \text{16} \end{aligned}

General Provision of Health Services for the Area.

- 1. (i) (a) Laboratory facilities. See pages 17-18.
 - (b) Ambulance facilities.—No Change.
 - (c) Nursing in the Home.—No Change.
 - (d) Clinics and Treatment Centres.—No Change.
 - (e) Hospitals—Public and Voluntary. No Change.

STEPPING HILL HOSPITAL.

The admissions numbered 6,186.

The average daily number in Hospital was 385.5, the highest on any one day being 433 on 11th January, 1946, the lowest being 326 on 18th August, 1946, as compared with 1945, during which the average daily number in Hospital was 404.4, the highest on any one day being 459, the lowest being 350.

Deaths. The number of deaths was 540. The figure for 1945 was 598.

Surgical Operations. The total number of operations performed was 1,653 and the number of abdominal sections was 432.

Dental Operations, 47.

E.M.S. Cases from 1st January, 1946 to 31st December, 1946.

	Remaining	Admis	Dis-		Remai	in.
	Dec. 1945	sions	charges	Deaths	ing 19	46
British Soldiers (Serving)	. 1	7	7		1	ш
", on Demob. leav	re –	7	7	_	_	
", Class B release.	_	1	1			
Canadian ,, (Serving)	-	1	1	_	_	10
Royal Navy ,,		5	5	_	_	
,, ,, on Demob. leav	7e –	1	1	-	_	11/
Fleet Air Arm (Serving)		1	1	_	-	10
Womens Services. W.A.A.F	. 1	2	3	-	-	
,, ,, A.T.S		1	_	1	_	
Ministry of Pensions Cases		20	12	_	12	
London Evacuees from Bille						
(Woodville Hostel, Marple)	1	1	_	1	1	
E.M.S. Infant Births	1	_	1	-		
1946 Totals	8	47	39	2	14	

X-Ray Department. The number of X-ray examinations for 1946 was 3,760, as compared with 2,961 for 1945. The portable Electro-Cardiograph for taking tracings of the heart was utilised on 19 occasions.

Total number of Examinations	3760
Number of Plates	5408

Details of X-rays. Chest 2,349, Gastro-intestinal tract 137, Biliary tract 46, Urinary tract 78, Obstetric and Gynaecological 316, Central Nervous System 183, Bones and Joints 489, Teeth and Jaws 70, Nasal Sinuses and Mastoid 92.

Electrocardiograms 19.

Physiotherapy Department. Patients treated 763, Number of attendances 16,241.

Details of Attendances, etc. Sunlight 2,602, Massage and Exercises 5,601, Electrical 2,046, Maternity 5,982.

INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT OF THE SICK.

STEPPING HILL HOSPITAL. SHAW HEATH INSTITUTION.

Th		
	Population (Census, 1931)	
ST	AFFING:—	
	Hospital. Whole-time officer.	
	Stepping Hill Hospital. Shaw Heath Institution.	
Nu	umber of other Resident Medical Staff. 4 Nil.	
•		
	& Gynaecologist.	
	(c) Orthopaedic Surgeon.	
	(d) Radiologist.	
	(e) Anaesthetist.	
	(f) Visiting Physician	
	(j) Dental Surgeon.	
Nu	mber of S.H.H. S.H.I.	
	ST Me	Medical Superintendent:—William More, M.D., D.R.C.O.G. Resides at Stepping Hill Hospital. Whole-time officer. Stepping Hill Hospital. Shaw Heath Institution. Number of other Resident Medical Staff. 4 Nil. Number of Visiting Staff. 10 2 from S.H.H. Specialised services supplied. (a) Surgeon. (b) Obstetrician & Gynaecologist. (c) Orthopaedic Surgeon. (d) Radiologist. (e) Anaesthetist. (f) Visiting Physician (g) Tuberculosis Officer. (h) Aural Surgeon. (i) Ophthalmic Surgeon (j) Dental Surgeon.

Nu	imber of	в.н.н.			S.H M.	
(a)	Trained Nurses	67	Trained Nurses.	S.R.N		
(b)	Student Nurses	78	,, ,,	,, (P. Time)		2
(c)	Assistant Nurses	19		R.M.P.A		
(d)	Male Attendants			S		
(e)	Nursing Auxiliaries		Nursing Assista	nts	5	
	Untrained, as Pupil Midwives.		<u> </u>			

Table showing the classification of the accommodation for Sick, Maternity and Mental Cases and the number of beds occupied by civilian sick (exclusive of casualties due to enemy action, A.R.P. volunteers injured in the course of their duty and Service Sick) on the 31st December, 1946.

STEPPING HILL HOSPITAL

		BEDS.											
Classification of Wards.	No. of Wards	Mı	EN.	Wom	EN.	,	REN. 16 yrs.	Total.					
(1)	(2)	Pro- vided (3)	Occupied (4)	Pro- vided (5)	Occu- pied (6)	Pro- vided (7)	Occupied (8)	Pro- vided (9)	Occu- pied (10)				
Medical	12	67 35	48 24	176 39	143 24			243 74	191 4 8				
Chronic Sick Children	1	• •	1	cluded	in 1	and 2 31	$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{above} \\ 26 \end{vmatrix}$	31	26				
Tuberculosis	2	32	30	20	18	•••		52	48				
Gynaecological Maternity Unit	1	• •		27 56	13 56		• •	27 56	13 56				
Other	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •						
Total	16	134	102	318	254	31	26	483	382				

Total does not include 52 babies in cots in the Maternity Wards. Surgical includes 10 Orthopaedic beds for men and 10 for women.

	SI	HAW. 1	HEATE	IINST	ITUTI	ON.					
,				(Bed	S.		(,		
Classification of Wards.	No. of Wards	Mı	EN.	Wom	IEN.	(under	OREN. 16 yrs. age.)	Total.			
(1)	(2)	Pro- vided (3)	Occu- pied (4)	Pro- vided (5)	Occupied (6)	Pro- vided (7)	Occupied (8)	Pro- vided (9)	Occu. pied (10)		
Chronic Infirm	21	173	131	132	121		*1	305	2 52		
Isolation	1	4	• •	• •	• •	• •		4	• •		
Mental Lunacy Act, 1890	14	81	62	81	69	• •	*1	162	131		
Total	36	258	193	213	190		*2	471	38 3		
_	* The number of beds occupied in Male Infirm and Mental Blocks includes these two children for whom no separate accommodation is provided.										
Included in the abo					f the R	usheliff	e Comn	nittee's	report		
the following are clas		s sick k	oeas :—						T) 1		

TIO IC	moving are classified as sick beds:						
1.	Mental Wards.						Beds.
	(a) Male—observation ward (and 1	l padd	ed roon	n)	 • •		23
	(b) Female—observation ward (and	d¹l pac	dded ro	om)			
2.	Male Isolation Block.	•					
	One ward				 		4
3.	$Male\ Infirm\ Block \qquad \dots \qquad \dots$						
4.	Female Annexe.						
	Ground Floor—1 Sick ward B				 		24
	First Floor—1 Sick ward A						
5 .	Female Infirm Block.						
	First Floor—Sick ward No. 5				 		10
	First Floor—Sick ward No. 6						
						-	226

STEPPING HILL HOSPITAL.

I	I.—Statistics relating to the year ended 31st Decemb	er, 1946.
	(A) In-Patients (Stepping Hill Hospital.)	
1.		
	in hospital)	6186
2.	Number of women confined in hospital	1354
3.	Number of live births (including 15 sets of twins)	1295
4.	Number of still births	74
5 .	Number of deaths among the newly-born (i.e.,	
	under four weeks of age)	47
6.	Total number of deaths among children under one	
	year (including those given under five)	64
7.	- The state of the	
	admitted to hospital for confinement	7
8.	Total number of deaths	54 9
9.	Total number of discharges (including infants	
	born in hospital)	5655
10.	Duration of stay of patients included in 8 and	
	9 above. Number of cases whose total	
	stay was for the following periods:-	
	(a) under four weeks	4710
	(b) four weeks and under thirteen weeks	774
1.1	(c) thirteen weeks or more	171
11.	Number of beds occupied:	
	(a) average during the year	385.5
	(b) highest (on date)	433 (11/1/46
10	(c) lowest (on date)	326(18/8/46)
12.	Number of surgical operations under general	
13.	anaesthetic (excluding dental operations)	1653
19.	Number of abdominal sections	432

(B) Classification of In-Patients who were Discharged from or who Died in the Institution during the Year ended 31st December, 1946.

	DISEASE GROUPS.	Children 16 years		Men and Women			
A .	Acute Infectious Disease	Dis- charged 18	$egin{array}{c} Died \ 1 \end{array}$	Dis- charged	$egin{array}{c} egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}{c} \egin{array}$		
B.	Influenza	• •	• •	1	1		
C.	Tuberculosis—	5	3	161	30		
	Pulmonary Non-pulmonary	10	_	$\begin{vmatrix} 101\\20 \end{vmatrix}$	6		
D.				163	88		
E.	Rheumatism—						
ш	(1) Acute Rheumatism (rheumatic fever) together with sub-acute rheumatism						
ш	and chorea	7	• •	10	• •		
ш	(2) Non-articular manifestations of so- called "rheumatism" (muscular						
ш	rheumatism, fibrositis, lumbago and						
	sciatica)	• •		5			
	(3) Chronic arthritis	1	• •	12	• •		
F.		• •		10			
G.	Puerperal pyrexia Puerperal Fever—	• •	• •	• •	• •		
ш	(a) Women confined in the hospital	• •	• •		• •		
H.	(b) Other Cases	• •	• •	• •	• •		
n.	with pregnancy and childbirth			199	5		
I.	Mental diseases—	• •	• •	100	· ·		
	(a) Senile dementia	4	• •				
	(b) Other	2		25	• •		
J.	Senile decay		• •	54	30		
K.	Accidental injury and violence	12	• •	45	21		
П	In respect of cases not included above:						
L.	_	200	~	70	e		
M.	Organs Disease of the Respiratory System	$\begin{bmatrix} 320 \\ 90 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 16 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 79 \\ 160 \end{array}$	$rac{6}{54}$		
N.		11	4	$\begin{bmatrix} 100 \\ 289 \end{bmatrix}$	174		
0.		101	8	342	17		
P.		36		83	$\frac{1}{20}$		
Q.	Disease of the Skin	33		52			
R.	Other diseases	14	4	50	14		
S.							
	Maternity Wards and not included in			1324	2		
	above figures—Mothers	1 3 13					
T.	Any persons not falling under any of the	1010	2.	• •	• •		
	above headings—Gynaecological			5 0 0			
	Orthopaedic	11		67	3		
	Healthy Babies	10	• •	• •	• •		
	Totals	1998	6 8	3657			

Maternity Wards.

- 1. Number of maternity beds in the Institution (exclusive of isolation and labour beds).
 - (i) Normal complement before the emergency: 51.
 - (ii) Complement at 31st December, 1943: 56.
- 2. Number of beds, if any, included under item 2 which have been allocated to, and reserved for, expectant mothers in need of hospital treatment: 6.
- 3. Number of maternity cases admitted during the year: 1,489.
- 3a. Number of women treated during the year in the beds shown against item 2: 120.
- 4. Average duration of stay of cases included against item 3: 11 days.
- 5. Number of cases delivered by—
 - (a) Midwives: 1,213.
 - (b) Doctors: 156.
- 6. Number of cases in which medical assistance was sought by a midwife in emergency: 666.
- 7. Number of cases notified as—
 - (a) Puerperal Fever: -
 - (b) Puerperal Pyrexia: 3.
- 8. Number of cases of Pemphigus Neonatorum: -
- 9. Number of infants not entirely breastfed while in the Institution: 278.
- 10. (a) Number of cases notified as ophthalmia neonatorum: 2.
 - (b) Result of treatment in each case: Satisfactory.
- 11. (a) Number of maternal deaths: 6 (including 3 from Out Districts.)
 - (b) Cause of death in each case:—
 - 1 Ante-partum haemorrhage, placenta praevia, stillbirth—9th pregnancy, single foetus, caesarean section delivery.
 - 1 Uraemia due to acute renal failure, obstetric shock.
 - Acute Hepatic necrosis, toxemia of Pregnacy, single foetus.
 - I General peritonitis, puerperal sepsis, first pregnancy, single foetus, normal delivery.
 - 1 Criminal abortion, perforated uterus.
 - Acute yellow atrophy of liver, pregnancy, single foetus, 3rd pregnancy.
- 12. (a) Number of Stillbirths: 74.
 - (b) Cause in each case, and results of post mortem examinations:

 Toxaemia in Mother..... 15 Abnormal labour...... 25

 Foetal Deformities...... 17 No cause apparent...... 10
 - Prematurity 7
- 13. (a) Number of infant deaths within 10 days of birth: 24.
 - (b) Cause of death in each case, and results of post-mortem examination.

Prematurity	18	Erythroblastosis	2
		Syphilis	1
Sclerema	1	<i>U</i> I	

Laboratory Facilities.

The work performed in the Municipal Pathology Laboratory during 1946 shows a considerable increase on that of the previous year due to a steady expansion in the numbers of specimens received from all departments. This year again there has been no outstanding outbreak of infectious disease so that the numbers of bacteriological examinations have remained more or less steady.

The amount of Penicillin allotted to the area has been considerably increased, and the dispensing of this chemotherapeutic substance, both for Hospitals and Practitioners, has entailed a large amount of work for the Pathologist, whilst the decisions as to the distribution so as to obtain the best result in its clinical application has entailed much anxious thought. Supplies are steadily increasing and no case which is really in need of Penicillin need now go without. From the point of view of the General Practitioner, local therapy, in the form of ointments and lozenges, is probably the most suitable way of utilising Penicillin but a supply is available for general treatment if the case justifies its use and if the Practitioner can make the arrangements for its administration. Usually, however, systematic treatment is most readily applied in the Hospital or Nursing Home.

The following table shows the work done at this Laboratory during the year:—

18

MUNICIPAL PATHOLOGICAL LABORATORY

EXAMINATIONS PERFORMED DURING 1946.

s. Milks. Total.	1679	734		30	1542		18	404				101	101	000		101		(n 	47		9/6
Waters.	•	:	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	0	•	•	•	•	303	•	0000	303
Private.	H	:	• •	4	_	• (50	-	•	• (2.1	•	• (32	• •	-	•	•	50	<u>-</u>	9.5	113
Stockport Infirmary	•	•		•	e e	:	•	•	•	•	•	:	•	•	:	:	:	•	•	•		•
Health (incl. School Clinic).	6	•	• •	•	4	ಣ 	– (43	• (72	1117	:	• (565	44	• (ග	•	39	•		1067
Shaw Heath Inst.	11	ro	• •	•	41	_	ର ବୃ	69 	•	• (90 10 10	•	• 1	-		4	•	•	:	•		190
V.D. Dispy.	٠	•	• •	•	:	-	•	:	•	•	45	:	•	:	:	1183	:	٠	•	:		1229
T.B. $Dispy$	00 1	⊣ c	, c		222	4	_	•	a a	:	4	٠	٠		:	:	17	٠		:		821
Borough Isolation Hospital.	45	41 60	02	· 67	11	38	13	215	•	4	5	24	:	330	187	36	11	_	10	٠		972
Stepping Hill Hospital.	1605	493	87	29	708	622	215	124	64	163	566	77	161	32	189	563	16	23	37			6485
	Blood Counts	Blood Chemistry	Test Meals	Post Mortems.	Sputa—T.B	Urines (Bacteriology)	Urines (Chemistry)	Faeces (Bacteriology)	Faeces (Chemistry)	Blood Groups	W.Rs.	CSF	Sections	Swabs—Diphtheria	Swabs—(Bacteriology).	Pus—(Bacteriology)	Widals	Blood Cultures	Gen. Bacteriology	Chemical		Totals

Sanitary Circumstances of the Area.

1. (i) Water.

The water supply of Stockport is provided by the Stockport Corporation Water Undertaking, which has a statutory area of supply of 77 square miles and also provides supplies in bulk to other districts.

The total area supplied with water is 126 square miles, with an estimated population in 1946 of 232,880, the average daily consumption being 9,712,000 gallons.

The estimated population supplied in bulk is 27,400, with an average daily consumption of 1,090,000 gallons and the estimated population supplied in detail is 205,480, with an average daily consumption of 8,622,000 gallons, equal to 41.96 gallons per head per day, 31.28 gallons being unmetered (i.e., Domestic) and 10.68 gallons metered (i.e., Trade).

- (1) The water supply of the area and of its several parts has been satisfactory (a) in quality, (b) in quantity.
- (2) Bacteriological examinations were made monthly of the raw water and weekly of the treated water going into supply, the results being satisfactory. Chemical analyses were made monthly of the raw and treated water going into supply, the results being satisfactory.
- (3) The water is chemically treated to prevent plumbo-solvent action, with satisfactory results.
- (4) The water is filtered through mechanical filtration plant and after filtration is chlorinated.
- (5) The whole of the dwellinghouses and the total population of the County Borough of Stockport has a constant piped supply direct to the houses.

(ii) Drainage and Sewerage.

I am indebted to the courtesy of Mr. W. F. Gardner, M.I.C.E., Borough Surveyor, for the following details of work done during the year ending December, 1946.

2. Rivers and Streams.

No change of importance to report.

3. (i) Closet Accommodation.

During 1946, 96 additional W.Cs. were provided, as distinct from new houses provision.

Number of W.Cs erected in new houses: 344.

The following table indicates the position in the Borough, as compared with the previous year.

	1945		1946
Water Closets	40988	• •	45456
Waste Water Closets	384	• •	349
Pail Closets	103	• •	103
Privy Middens		• •	
Cesspools	3	• •	3

(ii) Public Cleansing.

No change.

At the end of 1946, there were the following sanitary appliances:-

Ash	bins.	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	47160
Ash	oits				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	58

(iii) Sanitary Inspection of the Area.

I am indebted to Mr. F. Winder, Chief Sanitary Inspector, who has supplied the material for this Section of the report.

District Sanitary Inspectors' Work.

INSPECTIONS MADE AND NUISANCES FOUND :-		
Total Inspections made (all purposes)	2]	1995
Total individual properties inspected (all purposes)		8096
Housing Inspections (under P.H.A.)	(6527
Total individual properties inspected		2676
Other Inspections (under P.H.A.)		7468
Courts and Yards		1749
Dry Ashpits and Dustbins		1471
Drainage		23 50
Water Closets		1935
Water Courses		18
Miscellaneous Inspections	(6737
Inspections for Infectious Disease:—		
Total Inspections and Visits		542
Total houses visited		425
Houses disinfected		334
Schools, etc., disinfected		1
OMPLAINTS RECEIVED		1860
NUISANCES FOUND		2808
NUISANCES ABATED (total)		2443
WATER CLOSETS, ETC. :-		
Water Closets cleansed (by Owners)		153
Water Closets cleansed (by Occupiers)	• • • • • •	2
Water Closet Pedestals, etc., renewed or repaired		186
Water Supply Pipes or Cisterns to Water Closets repair		404
Water Courses Cleansed		3
Dustbins renewed		5 66
Houses Cleansed, Re-papered, or Lime-washed		13
Sink Waste Pipes Renewed or Repaired		136
Downspouts or Eaves Gutters Renewed or Repaired.		488
House Drains Tested		138
House Drains and Drains to Water Closets Reconstru	acted or	
Repaired		431
Gully Traps Fixed		90
Soilpipes and Ventilating Shafts Erected		12
Yards, Courts or Passages Drained or Drains Repaire		205
Yards, Courts or Passages Paved or Repaired		208
Yards, Courts or Passages cleansed by Occupiers		25
Animals Improperly Kept—Removed	• • • • • •	9
Accumulations Removed		72
Miscellaneous Nuisances	• • • •	1232
Notices Served :—		1.000
Preliminary		1636
Statutory		396
January 1st, 1946. Statutory Notices outstanding		107
		302
NOTICES COMPLIED WITH:—		1500
Preliminary		1566
Statutory		201

(iv) Shops Acts.

The administration of Sections 1 to 3 of the Shops Act, 1912, and the whole of the Shops Act, 1934, relating to the employment of Young Persons, Sanitation, and the Health and Comfort of Shop Assistants; also Sections 11, 12 and 13 of the Shops (Sunday Trading Restrictions) Act, 1936, governing the hours of employment of Shop Assistants and compensatory holidays for Sunday employment which necessitates the keeping of registers and inspection of such, is carried out by this Department.

The duties under Sections 4 to 12 of the Shops Act, 1912, relating to the early closing of shops are administered by the Watch Committee.

Summary of Work under the Shops Acts, 1912-1936.

Number of Shops on the Register Number of Visits for all Purposes Notices Served:— Preliminary	2280 95
Notices Complied With:— Preliminary	
Notices Outstanding:— Preliminary. — Statutory. —	
Nature of Work Complied With:— Renewals and Repairs to Sanitary Accommodation. 2 General Drainage and Repairs. 8 Premises Cleansed. 22 Ash Bins Renewed. 18 Prescribed Forms obtained and displayed. —	
Additional Facilities Required and Provided: Sanitary Accommodation. 3 Washing Facilities. 7 Ventilation and Temperature. — Facilities for Meals. —	

(v) Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933.

The listed sellers on the Register under the above Act is 208. During the year 316 inspections of these premises were made.

YOUNG PERSONS (EMPLOYMENT) ACT, 1938.

Part One of this Act regulates the hours of employment of persons under 18 years of age in certain occupations previously unregulated.

Part Two governing the hours of persons under 16 years of age came into force in January, 1940.

(vi) Swimming Baths and Pools.

22 samples of water from the public swimming baths in the Borough have been taken during the year.

(vii) Eradication of Bed Bugs.

During the year 79 Corporation houses were found to be infested with bugs. All the houses were treated with D.D.T. or other insecticide.

In the case of rehousing under the Slum Clearance and Overcrowding Schemes, the furniture and bedding from 69 houses was disinfested.

In the case of privately owned houses, 30 cases of bug infestation were investigated, and it is known that 7 of the houses were fumigated by Hydrogen Cyanide, and the remaining 23 treated by D.D.T. or other insecticide.

(viii) Premises and Occupations which can be Controlled by Byelaws or Regulations.

Common Lodging Houses in the Borough, to which 24 visits were paid during the year.

BAKEHOUSES. There are 137 bakehouses, (three of which are underground), to which 97 visits were made in the course of the year.

OFFENSIVE TRADES. There are in the Borough 20 premises in which one or other of the offensive trades are carried on, and 59 visits were made to these during the year.

FAIRS AND WAKES AND TRAVELLING VANS. In connection with fairs and vans, 15 caravans used as dwelling houses were inspected.

(ix) Rats and Mice (Destruction) Act, 1919.

12,828 visits of inspection were made under the above Act, advice and assistance was given to the persons concerned as to the safest means of destruction in the various cases. It is known that some hundreds of rats were destroyed.

(x) Rag Flocks Acts, 1911 and 1928.

One visit was made to works in order to ascertain that no infringement of the provisions relating to rag flock was taking place.

During the year one sample of rag flock was submitted for analysis and this complied with the standard of cleanliness required by the Rag Flock Regulations.

4. Schools.

(a) Sanitation,

Progress has been made in improving the general sanitation of the Schools.

(b) Infectious Disease.

In several instances school outbreaks of infectious disease came to the notice of the Health Department, and required investigation.

Housing.

New Houses.

I give here particulars of the houses built, or in course of building at the end of the year:—

No. of Houses erected during the year ended December, 1946, by private enterprise	141
No. of Houses in course of erection by private enterprise, 31st December, 1946	95
No. of Houses erected by the Corporation during the year ended December, 1946	203
No. of Houses in course of erection by the Corporation, 31st December, 1946	526

Number of houses built by the Corporation and Private Enterprise during the last few years.

NUMBER	\mathbf{OF}	Houses	COMPLETED.
--------	---------------	--------	------------

YEAR.		By Private				
		Enterprise.	By	Corporation	ı.	Total.
1920 \		-		~		004
$1921 \int$	• •	77	• •	147	9 0	224
1922	• •	125			• •	125
1923	• •	176	• •			176
1924	• •	241	• •		• •	241
1925	• •	405	• •		• •	405
1926	• •	335	• •		• •	335
1927	• •	330	• •	20		350
1928	• •	333		54	• •	387
1929	• •	294	• •	128		422
1930	• •	233	• •	174	• •	407
1931	• •	468	• •	332	• •	800
1932	• •	471	• •	106	• •	577
1933	• •	670	• •	514	• •	1184
1934	• •	1514	• •	51	• •	1565
1935	• •	1255	• •	270	• •	1525
1936	• •	1443		110		1553
1937	• •	1392	• •	140	• •	1532
1938	• •	1088	• •	162		1250
1939	• •	875		144	• •	1019
1940	• •	7 5	• •		• •	75
1941	• •	17	• •			17
1942	• •	6	• •			6
1943	• •	Nil.		Nil.	• •	Nil.
1944	• •	Nil.	• •	Nil.	• •	Nil.
1945	• •	4		Nil.	• •	4
1946		141.		203	• •	344
	Totals	11968	• •	2555		14523

Types of Houses Built by the Local Authority

						Fl a	ts.	$egin{array}{c} Tem-\ porary \end{array}$	
Site.	A5	A4	<i>B</i> 3	A3	A2	A2	A1	Houses	Total
D 600 .	$Non Parlour$ $5\ Bed rooms.$	Non- Parlour 4 Bed- rooms.	$Parlour \ 3 \ Bed-rooms.$	$Non Parlour$ $3 \ Bed rooms.$	$egin{array}{c} Non-\ Parlour\ 2\ Bed-\ rooms. \end{array}$	$egin{array}{l} Non- \\ Parlour \\ 2 \ Bed- \\ rooms. \end{array}$	Non Parlour 1 Bed- room.	2 Bed- rooms	
Dial House Cheadle Heath			101						101
(No. 1) Edgeley Cheadle Heath	_		$\begin{matrix} 3 \\ 24 \end{matrix}$	16					19 27
(No. 2) Didsbury Road Criterion Street			<u> </u>	122 118	20 76 —	40			20 238 118
Reddish Road. Bates Ley (Garners Lane)				174 600		40 80			214 680
Lancashire Hill School Street.		<u> </u>		$\frac{64}{26}$			_		64 31
Jowett Street. StockportRoad		7 58		$\begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 176 \end{array}$			36		$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 270 \end{array}$
Bridge Hall Adswood Hall. Huntsman		$\frac{33}{41}$	104	131			_		104 172
Brow Woodhall Road		17 —		47 24	_	_	96		64 120
Walnut Tree Farm Whitehill	9	38		138	9				194
Estate	9	166	$\frac{}{232}$	1652	105	160	132	$-\frac{99}{99}$	$\frac{99}{2555}$

Ward Distribution of New Houses.

Number of houses erected in the various Wards of the Borough during the year ended 31st December, 1946:—

_ Juli olida olida boomis		Private				
Ward.		Enterprise.	Co	rporation.	•	Total.
PortwoodNo.	. 1					
St. Mary's,	2		• •			
Vernon,	3	33				33
Hempshaw Lane,	4	2				2
St. Thomas's,	5	discovery and the second	• •			
Cale Green,	6		• •			
Heaviley,	7	16				16
Davenport,	8	1	i ·			1
Shaw Heath,	9			104		104
Edgeley,	10	grantpins				
Hollywood,	11	3	• •			3
Heaton Lane,	12					
Heaton Norris South "	13	11				11
Heaton Norris North ,,	14	14				14
Old Road,	15					
Lancashire Hill,	16		• •		• •	
Reddish South,	17		• •	99	• •	99
Reddish North,	18	61			• •	61

<u> </u>	1		DIS	TRI	CTS.			1	
1 Inspection of Dwelling-houses during	1. Inspection of Dwelling-houses during SANITARY					How INSPECTORS. Insp			
the year.	1	2	3	4	5	. 6	7	1	Total
l (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects									
(under Public Health or Housing	202	115	4.40	0==	004	0.04	~ 40	2450	40-5
Acts)(b)Number of Inspections made for	295	117	440	377	384	364	543	2459	4979
the purpose	612	253	1242	860	1425	884	838	3129	9243
2 (a) Number of dwelling-houses (in- cluded under sub-head (1) above								,	
which were inspected and recorded under the Housing									
Consolidation Regulations, 1925									
and 1932)							• •	590	5901
for the purpose								670	670
(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or									
injurious to health as to be unfit					}				
for human habitation	• •	• •		• •	• •			4 40	440
clusive of those referred to under									
the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reason-									
ably fit for human habitation							• •	150	150
2. Remedy of defects during the year without Service of Formal Notices.									
Number of defective dwelling-									(
houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the									
Local Authority or their Officers.			• •						
3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year.									
A. Proceeding under Sections 9, 10 &									
16 of the Housing Act, 1936. (1) Number of dwelling-houses in									
respect of which notices were served requiring repairs							}- 	i -	
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •
were rendered fit after service of formal notices:—									
(a) By Owners									
(b) By Local Authority in default of Owners									
B. Proceedings under Public Health Acts.		•	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were			<u> </u>						
served requiring defects to be	200				2.2				
remedied Number of dwelling-houses in	230	• •	1	8	86	63	8	• •	396
which defects were remedied									
after service of formal notices:— (a) By Owners	93		1	5	60	36	6		201
(b) By Local Authority in default of Owners									
C. Proceedings under Sections 11 & 13		• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •
of the Housing Act, 1936. (1) Number of dwelling-houses in			,		(
respect of which Demolition									
Orders were made		• •	u •	• •		• •	• •	• •	••
ished in pursuance of Demolition									1
Orders D. Proceedings under Section 12 of	• •		• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	••
the Housing Act, 1936.					1				
(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of									
which Closing Orders were made.								1	1
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of									
which Closing Orders were deter-									
mined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit									
						• •		• •	• •

Housing Act, 1936—Overcrowding.

(a) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year 252
" families dwelling therein 405
,, persons dwelling therein (equivalent number of adults)
(b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year 177
(c) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year 53
Number of persons concerned in such cases (equivalent number of adults)
(d) Number of cases in which dwellinghouses have again become overcrowded after the Corporation had taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding

Inspection and Supervision of Food.

(a) MILK SUPPLY.

(i) Milk and Dairies Order, 1926.

There are 32 cowsheds and 56 dairies and milkshops in the Borough. In addition, 94 persons deliver milk in Stockport.

During the year 360 visits of inspection have been made to these premises, and as a result many alterations and repairs have been effected.

(ii) Milk Including (Special Designations) Order, 1936 and 1938.

	During the year 375 samples of milk have been procured and tested	d
ls	s follows:— Total No. No. No.	
	Tests Applied. of Tests Satisfactory Unsatisfactory	y
	Methylene Blue Reduction and Bacillus Coli Test	
	Bacterial Count and Bacillus Coli Test	
	Methylene Blue Reduction Test 143 140 3	
	Phosphatase Test	
	TOTAL 526 420 106	

(iii) Milk and Dairies (Consolidation) Act, 1915.

During the year 31 samples of milk were taken and examined for Tuberculosis infection, of these 24 proved negative and 7 proved positive.

(b) MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

During the year 787 visits of inspection to slaughter-houses were made, as compared with 666 during the previous year.

The following is a summary of the unsound meat and other foods dealt with, and subsequently destroyed:—

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED.

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	$egin{array}{c} Sheep \\ and \\ Lambs \end{array}$	Pigs
Number Killed	2949	2917	2666	21756	145
Number Inspected	2949	2917	2666	21756	145
All Diseases except Tuberculosis.					
Whole Carcases Condemned	2	9	29	22	• •
Carcases of which some part or organ was Condemned	660	906	6	1258	, .
Percentage of the number Inspected affected with Disease other than Tuberculosis	22.38	31.36	1.31	5.88	
Tuberculosis only.					
Whole Carcases Condemned	16	152	20	2	• •
Carcases of which some part or organ was Condemned	356	1687	2		25
Percentage of the number Inspected affected with Tuberculosis	12.61	63.04	.82	.009	17.31

Other foods examined and found to be unfit for human consumption:—

7,443 tins of milk, meat, fish, fruit, soups, vegetables, etc.; 602 eggs; 300 packets sponge pudding mixtures; 108 crumpets; 108 fish cakes; 66 swiss rolls; 61 packets sponge cake mixture; 36 packets dessert moulds; 5 table jellies; 2 melons; 2 packets table dessert; 2 tons syrup, jams, sultanas, flour, etc.; 6 cwts. 1 qr. 20 lbs. dates; 10 cwts. 2 qrs. 7 lbs. sweets, chocolate, etc.; 6 cwts. 1 qr. 5 lbs. imported tripe; 5 cwts. 0 qrs. 24 lbs. kippers; 2 cwts. 1 qr. 0 lbs. smoked fish; 3 qrs. 21 lbs. fish fillets; 3 qrs. 19 lbs. soyghetti; 3 qrs. 15 lbs. raisins; 2 qrs. 23 lbs. bacon; 2 qrs. 12 lbs. shredded wheat; 2 qrs. 8 lbs. tripe; 2 qrs. 6 lbs. ham; 1 qr. 22½ lbs. margarine; 1 qr. 21 lbs. herrings; 1 qr. 20½ lbs. tea; 1 qr. 16 lbs. tomatoes; 1 qr. 5 lbs. 5 ozs. butter; 16 lbs. cheese; 14 lbs. sugar; 8 lbs. lard; 5 lbs. biscuits.

(c) ADULTERATION.

The following tables show the percentage of adulteration compared with previous years:—

	To	tal Samples				Percentage
Year.		analysed.		4 dulterated	l.	adulteration.
1926	• •	361		11	• •	3.05
1927	• •	360		9	• •	2.5
1928	• •	360		16	• •	4.4
1929	• •	239		7	• •	2.93
1930	• •	338		2	• •	0.59
1931	• •	344		4	0	1.16
1932	• •	326	, ,	10	. •	3.067
1933	• •	347		15		4.32
1934		385	• •	25	. •	6.49
1935	• •	400		21	, .	5.25
1936	• •	417		15	• •	3.59
1937	• •	416		4		0.96
1938	• •	403	• •	9	• •	2.23
1939		405		7	• •	1.73
1940	• •	403		23	• •	5.7
1941	• •	389		27		6.94
1942	• •	358	• •	19	• •	5.307
1943	• •	360		12	• •	$3 \cdot 33$
1944	. • •	338	• •	14	• •	4.14
1945		422		25	• •	5.92
1946	• •	426		28	• •	6.57

Analysis of milk samples (included in the above table) compared with previous years:—

	T	'otal Sample.	\$			Percentage
Year.		$analysear{d}$.	A	ldulterated	•	adulteration.
1926	• •	$2\overline{2}6$		8	• •	3.54
1927		225	• •	7		3.11
1928		276	• •	13	• •	4.7
1929	• •	212		6		2.83
1930	• •	228		1	• •	0.44
1931		228		2		0.87
1932		234		5		2.14
1933	• (116		3		2.59
1934		136		8		5.88
1935		88		7		7.95
1936	• •	34	• •	3	• •	8.82
1937		61		3		4.92
1938		78		7	• •	9.1
1939		94		3	• •	3.2
1940	• •	91		12	• •	13.18
1941		89		13	• •	14.606
1942		85		13	• •	15.29
1943	• •	84	• •	9		10.71
1944		7 9	• •	10		12.65
1945	• •	159	• •	22	• •	13.83
1946	• •	145	• •	21	• •	14.48

(d) NUTRITION.

The five Empire Marketing Board frames, which became the property of the Corporation in 1934, have been used for posters illustrating various health matters, including nutrition. The classes in Mothercraft and Hygiene in the schools have been continued.

(e) SHELL FISH (Molluscan).

There are no Shell Fish beds in the Borough.

(f) FERTILISING AND FEEDING STUFFS ACT.

3 samples were taken under the above Act during the year.

Legal Proceedings during the Year, 1946.

OFFENCE.			RESULT.	FINE.
Food and	Drugs Act,	1938.—		
,, 12	2% Addded ,,,		Convicted.	Fined £3 on each of 3 samples \dots 9 0 0 Costs \dots 6 15 0
				Total £15 15 0

ICE CREAM VENDORS.

During the year 137 visits of inspections were made to ice cream premises.

Prevalence of, and Control over, Infectious and other Diseases.

The total number of cases of infectious disease, including Tuberculosis, notified during 1946 was 1,493, as compared with 2,049 in 1945, and 1,440 in 1944.

There was a decrease in the number of cases of Measles notified, 756 against 1,246 in the previous year, and in the number of cases of Scarlet Fever notified, 122 against 367, in the previous year.

It is pleasing to note the continuance in the fall during 1946 in the cases of Diphtheria from 92 to 25.

Notifiable Infectious Disease.

Smallpox.

No case occurred.

Public Vaccination.

The Public Vaccinators for the Borough are as shown for 1943.

RETURN showing the Numbers of Persons successfully vaccinated and re-vaccinated at the cost of the

Vaccinators during the	Number of Successful Re-vaccinations, i.e., successful vaccinations of	persons who had been successfully vaccinated at some previous time.	21	28
Public .	essful ions of	Total.	8 1 345 316	029
s and the aber, 1946	Numbers of Successful Primary Vaccinations of Persons :—	One year and upwards.	7 1 56 22	98
Institutions th Septen	Numbe Primary	Under one year of age.	1 289 294	584
sers of the Poor Law Institutions and the Year ended 30th September, 1946.	Name of the Medical	Officer or Public Vaccinator.	Dr. W. More Dr. W. Morel Dr. R. M. Wilson Dr. F'. Chadwick	Totals
rates by the Medical Officers of the Poor Law Institutions and the Public Vaccinators during Year ended 30th September, 1946.	Name of the Poor Law	Institution or Vaccination District.	Shaw Heath Institution and Cottage Homes Stepping Hill Hospital No. 1 District No. 3 District No. 2 District	

VACCINATION OFFICERS:

S. R. Broome,
W. C. Tunstall,
W. H. Hunt, Stockport First District Stockport Second District Stockport Third District

85, St. Petersgate, Stockport

	, 1945, inclusive.
	1945,
	d from 1st January to 31st December,
e :	31st
tabl	to
ed in the following table:	January
the	1st
ni be	from
is summarised	registered
2 0	Were
Vaccination Officer	births
ccinati	whose births
by the Va	of Children
en k	0
The work undertaken by the V	the Vaccination
WO.	the
The	respecting
	Return

32					_
Number of Statutory Declarations of Conscientious Objection actually received by the Vaccination Officer irrespective of the dates of birth of the children to which they relate, during the Calendar Year 1946.	13	575	301	308	1184
Total number of Certificates and copies of Certificates of Successful Primary Vaccination of Children under 14 received during the Calendar Year 1946.	12	479	448	408	1335
Number of these Births remaining on 31st January, 1947, neither duly entered in the "Vaccination Register" (columns 3, 4. 5, 6 and 7 of this Return) nor temporally accounted for in the for in the "Report Book" (columns 8, 9 and 10 of this Return)	11	9	•	37	43
	10	23	4	20	47
Number of these Births which on 31st January, 1947, remained un- entered in the "Vaccination Register" on account (as shown by "Report Book") of Rem'val Rem'val to places Districts unknown the or which pone- tion be ment Officers reached, by of which by of which certi- been ing been ficate. apprised	9	92	38	∞	122
Numbe which 1947 en "Vaccin on acc by " B Post- pone- ment by Medical Certi- ficate.	∞	parel .	က	21	25
bered by II., II., IR., IR., II., II., II., II.,	7	112	20	27	159
Number of these Births duly entered by 31st January, 1947, in Columns I., II., IV. and V. of the "Vaccination Register" (Birth List Sheets), viz.: Col I. Success- Insus- fully ceptible Had tious of Vaccin- of Vaccin- of Vaccin- of Vaccin- ated. Successer Insus- fully ceptible Had tious Objection Unvacated. Successer Insus- fully ceptible Had tious Objection Conscientions of Vaccin- of Vaccin- fully ceptible Had tious Objection Consciention Conscientions of Vaccin- fully Cobjection Conscientions Conscienting Conscien	9	580	261	332	1173
hese Birth y, 1947, ir of the "V irth List S irth List S col. II. - Small Pox.	5	•	•	•	
ar of thesanuary, d V. of r'. (Birt r'.) (Birt col. Col. ceptible of Vaccination.	#	ಣ		-	5
	ಣ	451	220	170	841
Number of Births returned in the "Birth List Sheets" as registered from 1st Jan., to 31st Dec., 1945	23	1252	547	616	2415
. Districts.		1. Stockport (First)	2. ,, (Second)	3. ,, (THIRD)	Total

	33	
sp, Mdn 29 29		4
j.,-97		-
32-45		
36-02		-
15-20		
31-01		
2-10		1
9-₹		2
4-6	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-
2-3		-
2-1		1
1—		-
Total Death	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13
	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	27
		١.,
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	267
.up, wdn 28 60		33
g9-g †		74
35-45		48
36-02	. 60	74
19-50	ωσ	28
31-01		42
01-3		478
g- 1	11	154
3-4	23	181
2-3		
7-1	38 88	124 158
[—		99]
Total cases. notified.	. 1 222 1 223 1 305 1 1 1 30 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1493
DISEASE.	Smallpox Scarlet Fever Diphtheria Futeric Fever Puerperal Fever Erysipelas Measles Measles Influenzal Pheumonia. Malaria Dysentery Dysentery Cerebro-spinal Meningitis Acute Polio-Encephalitis Cerebro-spinal Meningitis Acute Poliomyelitis Acute Poliomyelitis Acute Poliomyelitis Abortus Fever Tuberculosis—Pulmonary Atuberculosis—Pulmonary	Total
	Total cases 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-35 35-45 45-65 35-45 4-5 35-45 10-15	Total cases and the control of the cases are as a second of the cases are

Total 1493 756 The seasonal prevalence of these various diseases is indicated in the following table which shews the notifications Dec. Nov. 278 · က Oct. 89 Sept. 44 Aug. 46 July 67 June 20 May 101 Apr. 78 :01 Mar. received in the various months of the year 1946; 4-66-62 65 Feb. 431-2021 98 Jan. 106 Pneumonia..... Encephalitis Lethargica..... Cerebro-spinal Meningitis..... Acute Poliomyelitis..... Pneumonia. Diphtheria and Membranous Croup Acute Polio-Encephalitis..... Ophthalmia Neonatorum..... ia and Fever DISEASE. Puerperal Pyrex Smallpox Abortus Fever .. Frysipelas.... Other Forms. Acute Influenzal Whooping Cough Totals.. Enteric Fever. Pulmonary... Typhoid Fever. Dysentery.... Scarlet Fever.. Measles.... Acute Primary Malaria.... Tuberculosis-



DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

As no record of the number of Re-inforcing Doses for Diphtheria Immunisation were made prior to 1946, it has now become necessary to make an adjustment of the number of children who received Reinforcing Doses (as against Primary Immunisation) in the years previous to that period. This adjustment has been effected by taking the percentage of Reinforcing Doses for 1946 (i.e., 20%), and applying it irrespective of age to all children who were immunised between 1933 and 1945. The table below shows, for each year, the apportionment of new cases and children who were immunised in previous years.

Age in years on 31st December,	193	3	193	4	193	5	193	6	1937	7	1938		1939	9	194	10	194	11	194	12	194	13	194	4	194	5	194	16	
of the corresponding year.	N.C.		N.C.		N.C.	-	-	P.I.	N.C.		N.C.	1 1 1	N.C.		N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	N.C.	P.I.	Total inoculated, aged under 5 years on 31st December, 1946.
0—	8	2	5	1	13	3	20	5	18	5	51	12	178	44	186	46	185	46	371	• •	130		169		197	• •	614		New Cases 5,853
1—	52	13	28	7	85	21	127	31	121	30	323	81	254	63	455	114	450	112	1168	292	842	• •	1023		1115	• •	787	3	Total Inoculated 6.059
2—	11		5	1	14	4	21	6	21	5	56	14	33	8	28	7	190	48	314	79	102	25	84	• •	137	•	129	3	
3	9	• •	5	٠.	12	3	18	4	17	4	44	11	23	6	17	4	43	11	278	70	95	24	32	8	63		92	6	
4—	17	• •	9		27		33	8	31	8	83	21	55	14	55	14	81	20	187	4.6	182	45	126	31	133	33	100	194	
5—	56	• •	31		71		81		51	13	161	40	33	8	138	34	1394	348	249	62	385	96	128	32	143	36	240	150	
6—	34		18		43		49		38	• •	97	24	14	4	72	18	869	217	117	29	234	59	87	21	71	17	161	76	
7—	25		14	• •	31	• •	36		28	• •	88	• •	6	2	45	12	626	157	64	16	168	42	64	14	45	11	137	72	Total inoculated, aged 5—14 years, on 31st December.
8—	27	* *	15	• •	34		39		31	• •	97	• •	10		5 2	13	687	172	77	19	192	48	30	7	36	9	100	62	1946. New Cases 15,019
9—	29		16		37	• •	42		33	• •	105	• •	13		73		747	187	90	23	203	51	25	6	26	7	85	55	Reinforcing Doses 4,132
10—	22	• •	12		28		32	• •	25	• •	80	• •	6	• •	49	• •	566	141	78	19	135	34	48	12	24	6	66	72	Total Inoculated 19,151
· 11—	11		6	• •	14	• •	16	• •	13	• •	40	• •	11	• •	7	• •	262	66	66	17	62	15	40	9	28	7	92	70	
12	9	• •	5	• •	11	• •	13	••	10	• •	32	• •	9	• •	33	••	202	50	53	13	61	15	18	4	16	4	72	51	
13—	7	• •	4		8	• •	10	• •	8	• •	24	• •	7	• •	25		182	45	39	10	44	11	21	5	8	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \end{bmatrix}$	78	30	
14	4		2	• •	6	• •	6	• •	5	• •	16	• •	5	• •	16	• •	122	30	26	7	22	5	9	2	12	3	49	18	
15 and over.				• •	• •	• •	• •	• •		• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	••	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	112	28	7	1	23	4	Total inoculated, aged 15 years and over, on 31st December.
Totals of New Cases and 20% adjustment showing reinforcing doses in each year.	321	15	175	9	434	31	543	54	450	65	1297	203	657	149	1251	262	6606	1650	3177	702	2857	470	2016	179	2061	136	2825	866	1946. New Cases 3,798 Reinforcing Doses 453
GRAND TOTAL EACH YEAR	33	6	18	34	46	5	59	7	518	5	1500)	80	6	15	13	825	56	387	79	332	7	219)5	219	7	369	91	Total Inoculated 4,251

GRAND TOTAL OF CHILDREN IMMUNISED, 1933—1947

 New Cases
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 .

•

GRAND TOTAL 29,461

Measles and Whooping Cough.

756 cases of Measles and 316 of Whooping Cough were notified during the year. Three deaths (1 Male and 2 Females) from Whooping Cough and four (1 Male-3 Females) from Measles occurred during 1946.

Cancer.

During the year 256 deaths from Cancer were recorded—137 males and 119 females.

Welfare of the Blind.

The arrangements are similar to previous years; there were 239 registered blind persons in the Borough at the 31st of March, 1947—110 males and 129 females.

Prevention of Diphtheria.

The following comprehensive statement shows the number of children immunised during the period 1933—1946:—

ISOLATION HOSPITAL.

There has been no change in the accommodation at the Isolation Hospital, Cherry Tree Lane, during the year.

The number of patients treated (including those remaining at the end of 1945) was 656 as compared with 631 for 1945.

Fewer cases of Scarlet Fever were admitted than during the previous year (91 as against 293). There has also been a further considerable decrease in the number of cases of Diptheria (16 admissions compared with 82 during 1945 and 193 during 1944).

The accompanying table shows how an even wider variety of clinical conditions has been admitted during the year.

The overall average stay in Hospital was 16.95 days during the year.

THO OVERMIT WVCIA	se stay iii .	inospitat was	5 10.00 auy	o dalli	15 the year
Name of Disease	In Hospital 1st Jan., 1946	Admitted	Recovered and Discharged	Died	In Hospital 31st Dec., 1946
Scarlet Fever	13	91	103		1
Diphtheria	7	16	17	1	5
Diphtheria Carrier	• •	2	2		0 8
Erysipelas		24	23	1	
Measles		50	34	4	12
Whooping Cough	1	26	21	2	4
Sonne Dysentery		27	25	2	
Flexner Dysentery	a •	1	1		• •
Chronic Dysentery		1	1		• •
Amoebic Dysentery		1	1		
Meningococcal					
Meningitis		4	2	2	
Pneumococcal					
Meningitis		1		1	• •
Tuberculous					
Meningitis		2		2	
Aseptic Meningitis		1	1		
Benign Lymphocytic					
Meningitis		1	1		
Chicken Pox	1	7	8		
Gastro Enteritis	0 0	55	42	11	$\frac{2}{2}$
Pemphigus	• •	1		• •	1
Puerperal Pyrexia		8	8	• •	
Vincent's Angina		7	7	• •	
Malaria	1	10	11	• •	• •
Impetigo	• •	8	6		2
Tonsillitis	4	38	41	• •	1
Healthy Baby Lobar Pneumonia	• •	6	6	• •	
Broncho Pneumonia	• •	9	7	• •	$rac{2}{2}$
Bronchitis	• •	$\frac{11}{9}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ 9 \end{array}$	• •	2
Acute Chemical	* *	9	9	• •	• •
Poisoning		1		1	
Syphilis	• •	98	98	1	• •
Gonorrhoea	* *	35	35	• •	• •
Pediculosis Capitis		3	3	• •	• •
Infantile Eczema		$\frac{3}{2}$	1	i	• •
Pulmonary	• •	2	1	1	• •
Tuberculosis		4	2	2	
Scabies		3	$\frac{2}{2}$		i
		0			

(Continued on following page)

Name of Disease	In Hospital 1st Jan., 1946	Admitted	Recovered and Discharged	Died	In Hospital 31st Dec., 1946
Rheumatic Fever	• •	1			
Furunculosis		i	i		• •
Hysteria	1		1	• •	
Constipation	• •	5	5	• •	• •
Dermatitis	• •	3	3	• •	• •
Tabes Mesenterica	• •	5	4	• •	1
Epistaxis		1	1	• •	1
Acute Infective	• •	1	I	• •	• •
Hepatitis		2	2		
Toxic Purpura		1	1		
Croup (Non-Specific)		1	1		
Colitis		1	1		• •
Pruritus Vulvae		1	1		• •
Phlebitis		ī		j	• •
Acute Intestinal		-	* *		• •
Obstruction		7 0	1		
Otitis Media		i	1		• •
Drug Poisoning	•	1	1	i	• •
Streptococcal Adenitis		1	1	1	• •
Rubella	• •	8	8	• •	• •
Abscess of Leg	• •	1	0	•	• •
Erythema Nodosum.	• •	1	1	• •	• •
Acute Bacterial	• •	1	<u>l</u>	• •	• •
Endocarditis		1		7	
Septic Laryngitis	• •	1	• •	1	• •
Streptococcal Infec-	• •	Ţ	0 \$	1	• •
tion of Hand		1	7	{	
Gonococcal	• •	1	1	• •	• •
		9	9	,	
Ophthalmia	• •	3	2	1	• •
Sulphanilamide		1	7		
Reaction	• •	1	1		• •
Osteomyelitis of Os		0			_
Calcis	• •	$\frac{2}{2}$	1	• •	1
Debility	• •	2	2		• •
Convulsions	• •	1	1		• •
Poliomyelitis	• •	1	1		• •
Tetanus	• •	1	1		• •
Non-Specific					
Ophthalmia	• •	1	1		• •
Acute Appendicitis	• •	1	1		• •
Quinsy		1	1		• •
Chronic Pyelone-		_			
phritis	• •	1	1		
Cervical Adenitis	• •	1	1		• •
Staphycoccal Pustuli.	• •	1	1		₩.
Sprained Ankle		1	1		
Bronchiectasis	• •	1	1		• •
Nil abnormal					
detected		6	6		
$oxed{Total}$	28	628	586	35	35

Tuberculosis. Return showing the work of the Dispensary.

	PULMONARY.				No	N-PUI	LMONA	ARY	TOTAL.				
Diagnosis.	Adu	lts.	Chil	${dren}$	Adv	ilts.	Chil	dren	Adv	ults.	Chi	$\frac{1}{ldren}$	Gran Total
	M.	\overline{F} .	M.	\overline{F} .	M.	\overline{F} .	M.	F.	M.	$\lceil F. \rceil$	M.	F.	1 OIA
A.—New Cases examined during the year (excluding contacts):— (a) Definitely tuberculous (b) Diagnosis not completed (c) Non-tuberculous		23	2	1	8	7	5	3	74	30	7 54	4 40	118
B.—Contacts examined during the year:— (a) Definitely tuberculous (b) Diagnosis not completed (c) Non-tuberculous		3						• •	15	3 .: 51	22	27	11
C.—Cases written off the Dispensary Register as:— (a) Recovered		9	6	1	6	6	11	9	14	15	17	10	5.4
D.—Number of Cases on Dispensary Register on December 31st;— (a) Definitely tuberculous. (b) Diagnosis not completed	. 243	193			_	60	82	48	294	253	92	60	693
1. Number of cases on Dispensary Register on January 1st													

purposes.....

Number of X-ray examinations made in connection with Dispensary work

Number of "Recovered" cases restored to Dispensary Register, and

10.

11.

12

47

24

PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1930.

Part I.—Summary of Notifications during the period from the 1st January, 1946, to the 31st December, 1946, in the County Borough of Stockport.

					Fc	rmal	Noti	ficati	ions.					
	Age Periods.	No. of Primary Notifications of new cases of tuberculosis.											Total	
		0-	1-	5-	10-	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-		Not i fi- cations
Pul	monary Males	1		1		2	6	13	14	15	12	${2}$	66	71
No	" Females. n-Pulmonary	•	2	•	•	5	3	6	6	4	2	٠	28	32
	Males.		1	1	2	3		1			1	1	10	10
	"Females.	1	•	I	3	2	3	1	2	1	•	٠	14	14

Part II.—Supplemental Return.

New cases of Tuberculosis coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the above-mentioned period, otherwise than by formal notification.

, Age Periods.	0-	1-	5-	10-	15-	20-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	Total
Pulmonary Males , Females Non-pulmonary Males. , Females.	1	• •		1 1	i i	2 1 i	5 2 1 1	3 1	• •	2	4	18 4 3 3

The source or sources from which information as to the above-mentioned cases was obtained is stated below:—

Source of Information.	Number of Cases.				
	Pulmonary	Non-pulmonary			
Deaths Return— from local Registrars transferable deaths from Registrar-General Posthumous notifications	3 1 5	3			
"Transfers" from other areas (other than transferable deaths) Other Sources if any	13	3			

Part III.—Notification Register.

Number of cases of Tuberculosis remaining at the 31st Decem-	F	Pulmonary		No	Total		
ber, 1945, on the Register of Notifications kept by the	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Cases
Medical Officer of Health	482	435	917	338	308	646	1563
Number of cases removed from the Register during the year by reason inter alia of:— 1. Withdrawal of notification.							
2. Recovery from the disease . 3. Deaths (All Causes) 4. Outward Transfers.	10 41 7	8 21 9	18 62 16	19 3 3	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{i} 6 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{array}$	35 6 8	$\begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \\ 53 \\ 68 \\ 24 \end{array}$
. Otherwise (Lost Sight of, etc.)	2	1	3	1		1	4

Treatment of Tuberculosis.

The Tuberculosis Dispensary.

Sessions have been held each Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday afternoon, and Wednesday evening. Children have been seen at a separate clinic on Thursday morning.

During 1946, 660 persons were examined for the first time. Of these:—

32 had been previously notified.

510 were sent for diagnosis.

118 were seen as Contacts.

Amongst the cases sent for diagnosis or treatment, the following conditions were found:—

	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	92
	Tuberculosis of Bones and Joints	5
	Tuberculosis of Glands and Abdomen, Other Organs	18
	Bronchitis, etc	70
	Heart Disease	5
	Unresolved Pneumonia	$\tilde{5}$
	Asthma	9
	Bronchiectasis	24
	Cancer of Lung	3
	No Disease	311
	Total	542
antanta		

Contacts.

The attendance of contacts has not been very satisfactory. 118 attended in 1946, and three were found to be tubercular. All contacts are asked to attend for examination to ensure that they have not contracted the disease from the patient, or what is equally important, been the source of the infection themselves. A large number refuse, giving no reason. They do not appreciate the value of an examination to the community, and themselves.

Home Visits.

Where a case of Tuberculosis requiring supervision is not able to attend the Dispensary, he is seen at home. During 1946, 77 such visits were paid. 24 of which were in consultation with the patients' own Doctor.

The Health Visitors paid 1,972 visits to tubercular patients' homes. These are to ensure the families' well-being, and are much appreciated.

Re-housing of Tuberculous Families.

During the year, 28 families of tuberculous patients, who were living under unsatisfactory conditions, were re-housed by the Corporation.

Milk was supplied to 20 new cases. The number of persons supplied with milk during the year has been 30.

The total number of families receiving rent assistance at the end of the year was two.

Bacteriological Examination of Sputa.

Specimens of Sputa examined at the Municipal Pathological Laboratory, Stepping Hill Hospital, were:—

				Number		Number
				Examine	d	Positive
Stepping Hill Hospital				708		213
Borough Dispensary (including	Gen	eral Pra	ecti-			
tioners)	• •	• •		778		75
Isolation Hospital				11		
Shaw Heath Institution				41		4
Health Department				4		
Total				1542		292

X-Ray Examinations.

These have been carried out at Stepping Hill Hospital by the Radiologist. A fee of 10/6d. is paid for each case.

This year 636 films were taken; in 1945 the number was 567.

Orthopaedic Treatment.

Cases of crippling, due to Tuberculosis, are treated at the Stockport Infirmary. These are seen by Mr. E. S. Brentnall, Hon. Orthopaedic Surgeon. We are greatly indebted to him for the skilful treatment of these cases.

The following is a summary of the work done during 1946:—

16 Cases treated.

65 Out-patient attendances made.

8 X-Ray examinations.

86 Attendances for Ultra-Violet Light Treatment.

37 In-Patient days.

61 Attendances for Exercises.

— Massage.

— Short-wave Diathermy.

Valuable financial assistance has been given by the Trustees of the late Miss Maria Leigh in defraying the whole or part of the cost of surgical appliances in necessitous cases.

The Stockport Infirmary kindly deal with any tubercular cases requiring

surgical treatment and this help is much appreciated.

Ultra Violet Light Treatment.

The arrangements made for treatment by Ultra Violet Light, at the Stockport Infirmary, have been continued.

Dental Treatment.

One application for financial assistance in respect of dental treatment has been made during the year by one of the patients receiving treatment at the Borough Dispensary.

The Medical Superintendent of Stepping Hill Hospital now has authority to call in at his discretion a Dentist to carry out any necessary dental

treatment which will assist in the patient's treatment and recovery.

The arrangements, whereby Stockport patients at Westmorland Sanatorium receive dental treatment, have been continued.

Institutional Treatment.

Accommodation for the treatment of cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis is provided as follows:—

Males. Females.

	III WUCS.	T CHILDRE
Stepping Hill Hospital	32	 20
Westmorland Sanatorium	7	 3
Cheshire Joint Sanatorium	8	 8

The beds out of Stockport have been filled throughout the year.

During the year 6 male patients have been admitted to Barrowmore Hall, Great Barrow, Chester. The beds are available for Stockport patients as required when a vacancy occurs,

Orthopaedic cases are accommodated as follows, and the numbers remaining on 31st December, were :—

Sir Robert Jones & Agnes Hunt Orthopaedic Hospital	2
Liverpool Open-Air Hospital	3
Ethel Hedley Orthopaedic Hospital	
Crippled Children's Hospital, Marple	5

The demand for children's beds has been satisfied without undue waiting.

There has been some delay in obtaining admission for adult cases.

Maintenance Allowances (Memorandum 266/T).

The Government's Scheme for financial assistance to tuberculous patients in accordance with Ministry of Health memorandum 266/T, has been in operation in this County Borough since November, 1943.

By this means financial assistance can be granted to certain classes of patients suffering from Pulmonary Tuberculosis and their dependants. It is unfortunate that this financial assistance so far has not been extended to cases of non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis and the more chronic type of Pulmonary Tuberculosis, but it may be that there will be a change in the financial arrangements in the near future.

There are three kinds of payments:—

- (1) Maintenance Allowances based on a standard scale and without any Means Test.
- (2) Discretionary Allowances on proof of need, towards meeting standing charges—such as high rent or rates, hire purchase instalments, insurance premiums and school fees—in cases where the patient would be unable to meet these liabilities.
- (3) Special Payments to meet certain special circumstances.

During the year 1946, 55 applications had been received. Maintenance allowances were granted in 43 instances, 9 special, and 2 Discretionary payments, involving a total expenditure of £2,532 3s. 8d.

Venereal Diseases.

TABLE OF INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT AT VARIOUS TREATMENT CENTRES.

		Borough Dispensary Stockport.	Stockport Patients Treated at other Centres.
ŀ		Number.	Number.
(1	Number of persons dealt with during the year at or in connection with the Out-Patient Clinic for the first time and found to be suffering from:—		
	Syphilis Soft Chancre Gonorrhoea Conditions other than Venereal Conditions undiagnosed at 31st December.	90 — 165 331 46	* * * *
	Total	632	*Not available.
(2	OUT-PATIENT CLINIC: Attendances	7848	1858
(3	Number of days	444	30
(4	MATERIAL: For detection of Spirochetes, ,, Gonococci, ,, Wassermann Reaction	 54 *1287	29 231

^{*}Including 203 specimens sent in by Private Practitioners and Institutions, and 378 specimens from patients of other Authorities.

In addition, 1,166 examinations of Smears, 1 examination of Urine and 45 Kahn tests in respect of patients attending the Borough Dispensary, and 17 examinations of Smears submitted by General Practitioners were carried out at the Municipal Laboratory, Stepping Hill Hospital, during the year.

Compulsory Treatment of Venereal Disease-Regulation 33B.

Under the Venereal Diseases Rules, 1942, dated 16th November, made by the Minister of Health under Regulation 33B of the Defence (General) Regulations, 1939, seven notifications on Form 1 were received during the year, in respect of seven females.

The position, however, at the present time (1947), is that persons notified are visited by the Superintendent Health Visitor, who arranges for them to attend for examination at the Borough Dispensary at a time other than that on which the Venereal Diseases Clinics are held. In the case of those persons found not to be suffering from Venereal Disease, no further action is taken, but those who are found to be so suffering are requested to attend at the usual times of the Venereal Diseases Clinic for treatment.

Maternity and Child Welfare.

INFANT MORTALITY.

1946. Nett Deaths from stated causes at various Ages under 1 Year of Age.

Cause of Death.	Under 1 week.	1-2 weeks.	2-3 weeks.	3-4 weeks.	Total under 4 weeks.	4 weeks and under 3 months.	3 months and under 6 months.	6 months and under 9 months.	9 months and under12 months	Total Deaths under 1 year.
All causes	39	14	9	8	70	25	20	15	8	138
Whooping Cough Diphtheria. Cerebral Hæmorrhage Diseases of the Heart Bronchitis All Forms Pneumonia. Influenza Congestion of Lungs Diseases of the Stomach Diarrhoea and Enteritis. Congenital Malformations. Congenital Debility. Premature Birth Injury at Birth Other Diseases peculiar to Early Infancy. Accidental Burns. Accidental Suffocation Diseases of the Nervous System Diseases of Glands nattention at Birth Other Diseases 'uberculosis Lungs. Ieasles 'uberculous Meningitis.	1 	2 4 1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				7 1 3 1	1 6 5 1 1	5	1

Notification of Births.

3,023 births were notified. This number of notifications shows an increase of 578 on those for 1945. The following table shows where these births occurred:—

			Ca	ses outsi	de	
Place of Birth.	Bor	rough Co	ases.	Borough.		Total.
In Institutions.						
Stepping Hill Hospital		1045		327	• •	1372
Nursing Homes		226		125		351
			1			Distance Management
Total		1271		45 2	• •	1723
AT HOME.		-				
Municipal Midwives		1279				1279
Independent Midwives		2			• •	2
Doctors' cases with Matern	nity					
Nurses		15			• •	15
Other Persons		4	• •			4
				-		
Total	• • •	1300	• •			1300
Grand Total	• • •	2571	• •	452	• •	3023

Still-Births.

The number of still-births registered belonging to the Borough was 107, of which 100 were legitimate and 7 illegitimate.

Maternal Deaths.

The number of women who died in, or in consequence of child-birth was 3, which gives a Maternal mortality rate of 1.08 per 1,000 total births, compared with 6 deaths (2.70 per 1,000 total births) for last year. This Maternal mortality rate is the lowest ever recorded in the Borough.

The causes of death were as follows:—

Puerperal Sepsis...... 1 Post Abortive Infection...... 1
Obstetrical Shock...... 1

Supervision of Nursing Homes.

Ten Nursing Homes were registered in the Borough at the end of 1946; no new applications were received during the year. These Homes are inspected at four monthly intervals by the Assistant Medical Officer of Health for Maternity and Child Welfare, due attention being paid to premises, equipment and registers.

Supervision of Midwives.

During the year 69 midwives gave notice of their intention to practise in the Borough. These include 39 at the Stepping Hill Hospital, and 9 at Nursing Homes. Also 4 midwives who reside outside the Borough gave notice of their intention to practise within the Borough.

During the year the number of applications by Midwives for Medical assistance was 291, compared with 284 in 1945.

Municipal Domiciliary Midwifery Service.

The arrangements for this Service were similar to previous years.

The following is a summary of the work done by the Municipal Midwives during 1946:—

Visits to Expectant Mothers	2606
Attendances at Ante-Natal Clinics	710
Interviews at Midwives' Homes	1245
Patients delivered	
Visits during Puerperium	18115
Special Visits, unclassified	656

Ante-Natal Clinics.

Year.	Number	of Mot	hers. Total	al Attendances.
1935	• •	1410		6620
1936	• •	1537	• •	8614
1937	• •	1665	• •	9202
193 8	• •	1965	• •	11096
1939	• •	2481	• •	12062
1940	• •	2000	• •	10398
1941	• •	2214	• •	13031
1942	• •	2264	• •	15936
19 43	• •	2495	• •	18490
1944	• •	2518		19884
1945	• •	2458		18961
1946	• •	3168	• •	23030

Post-Natal Clinics.

370 examinations were carried out at the Post-Natal Clinics during the year. Health Visitors.

The Health Visiting Staff is the same as shown in the previous year's Report.

SUMMARY OF THE WORK OF THE HEALTH VISITOR	RS.
Total number of houses visited	33782
First visits to births	2624
Revisits to births	8441
Visits to Outworkers	82
School Lectures	116
Visits re Deaths (Infantile)	125
Visits to Ante-natal Cases	372
Visits to children, 1 to 5 years	20860
Attendances at Maternity and Child Welfare Centres.	2153
Visits to Tuberculosis Cases and Contacts	2217
Nursed-out Children	54
Minor Infectious Disease	686
Midwives' Emergency Enquiries	264
Still-births	89
Ambulance Journeys	36
Attendances at T.B. Dispensary	2 31
Attendances at V.D. Dispensary	233
Immunisation Clinics	103
Unclassified Visits	983
Mothercraft Lectures	34

Care of Premature Babies.

Previous to the publication of the Ministry of Health's Circular 20/44, the birth weight of all babies born in the County Borough of Stockport; was notified upon the Birth Notification Card; since October, 1944, babies who were prematurely born were either removed to Stepping Hill Hospital within an hour or so of birth, or nursed at home with extra nursing care.

Since application of Circular 20/44, three special draught proof cots have been obtained, together with electric blankets and hot water bottless and other adequate equipment for the care of the premature baby born and remaining at home. Special nursing facilities are given.

Premature babies born in Hospital, on discharge are notified to the Medical Officer of Health, together with weight and particulars of feeding. Such cases are followed up by the Municipal Midwife of the district in which the child resides.

Premature babies born at home and in need of Hospital care are conveyed within an hour or so after birth in an ambulance with supply of oxygen, together with a heated basket and nurse in attendance.

Number of Premature Babies born on the district and nursed in accordance with the Ministry Circular is 39, all weighing at birth less than $5\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. Twenty-six survived and 6 died at the age of 24 hours. In Hospital 118 premature babies were born and notified under $5\frac{1}{2}$ lbs in weight, 89 survived.

Child Life Protection (Sections 206 to 220 of the Public Health Act. 1936).

G	nila Life Protection (Sections 206 to 220 of the Public Health Act, 1936).
(a	Number of persons who were receiving children for reward at the end of the year
(b) Number of children:
	(I) at the end of the year
(c)	Number of Child Protection Visitors at the end of the year who were:
•	(I) Health Visitors.11(II) Female other than Health Visitors.Nil.(III) Male.Nil.
(d	Number of persons (in addition to or in lieu of Visitors under (c) above) or societies authorised to visit under the proviso to Section 2 (2) of the Children Act, 1908, the proviso to Section 209 (2) of the Public Health Act, 1936
(e)	Proceedings taken during the year:
	No. of Cases
(f)	Number of Cases in which the local authority has given sanction during the year:
	(I) under (a) of Section 3 of the Children Act, 1908, Section 210 of the Public Health Act, 1936 Nil. (II) under (b)
<i>(g)</i>	Number of orders obtained during the year under Section 67 of the Children and Young Persons Act, 1932, Section 212 of the Public Health Act, 1936:
	(I) from a court of summary jurisdiction Nil. (II) from a single justice
Ch	ild Welfare Clinics
	18 goggions are held weekly at 10 Centres. The number of new cases

18 sessions are held weekly at 10 Centres. The number of new cases entered in the registers was 2,270, the total weighings 43,964.

The number of children from one to five years on the register is 2,726.

Arrangements are made whereby each toddler can receive a thorough overhaul each year, on the lines of the routine School Medical Inspection. In 1946, 1,878 toddlers received such an examination, compared with 1,883 in 1945. There is still room for expansion in this work, and parents do not yet fully appreciate the value of this routine medical inspection.

The detailed figures for 1946 are given on the following page:—

CHILD WELFARE CENTRES, 1946.

	Ch'ch gate.	Port-wood.	Red- $dish.$	[Edge-ley.]	Wy-cliffe.	Ads-wood.	$Great\ Moor$	Hton. Mer	Ch. H'th	Hton. Cp'l	Total.
New Cases	315	156	425	284	220	207	247	102	118	196	2270
Number on Register	544	292	1068	555	378	328	62 6	246	247	414	4698H
Total Weighings	4577	2139	10083	5387	3165	4605	5907	1889	2115	4097	43964
Total Attendances.	9109	2805	18391	10176	4319	6798	1068]	3 618	4 02 J	7698	77616
Medi'l Consultations	1500	685	2476	1382	823	1051	1578	647	708	992	11842
Spe'lTodd- lers' Ex'ms	230	102	625	191	68	177	184	79	84	138	1878

Diphtheria Immunisation.

Facilities for Diphtheria Immunisation are now provided at all Infant Welfare Centres.

During the year 1946, 1,722 children under five years received Primary Diphtheria Immunisation, and 206 a reinforcing dose (these children have been previously immunised).

None of these children were schick tested.

Table on page 35 gives comprehensive figures of children immunised for 1933-1946 by age groups.

Treatment of the Pre-School Child.

The Scheme for the treatment of the Pre-School Child set out in detail in the 1938 Report has been continued during 1946 with very satisfactory results.

Provision for the Treatment of Verminous Heads in the Pre-School Child.

The number of infected heads discovered during the year was 5, all in the course of home visitation by Health Visitors. In all cases facilities for treatment were provided by the Maternity and Child Welfare Department by the supply of hair shampoo and the loan of sacker combs. In every instance remedy was speedily effected.

The Stockport Voluntary Committee for Maternity and Child Welfare.

During the year the splendid work for the benefit of the Mothers and Children of Stockport has again been an outstanding feature of this branch of social service, and our thanks are again due to the Voluntary Committee for their great help.

Provision of Milk for Necessitous Mothers and Children.

During the year the Scheme for Milk for necessitous Mothers and Children as not been in force as in previous years. During 1940, this particular ervice was placed on a National basis, and is now performed by the Local lilk Officer of the Ministry of Food with the co-operation of this Department.

upply of Dried Milk.

Various brands of dried milk are sold at the Clinics at cost price. The mount supplied never exceeds the quantity required by the individual faild, and no other drugs or accessory food substances, such as cod liver or emulsion, are sold at the Clinics.

Quantities of milk supplied:

At Cost	· ·
Total	81,755 ,,

WAR-TIME NURSERIES.

REPORT OF ATTENDANCES FROM JANUARY TO DECEMBER, 1946 (INCLUSIVE).

						52						
YH.	1943.	J.	Total	50	2911	38.3	51 25th Feb.	66	7.6	d.		
BELMONT.	26th July, 1	Children.	2-5	35	2416	31.8	•	88	6.8	£144 68. 9d.		
	26th		-2		495	6.5	•	11	∞.	£14		
OD.	1943.		Total	50	2677	34.7	53 26th Mar.	151	11.6	d.		
ADSWOOD.	12th April, 1	Children.	2-5	35	2349	30.5	:	135	10.4	£131 19s. 3d.		
	12th	D)	-2	15	328	4.2	•	16	1.2	£131		
D.	1942.		Total	0.9	2854	37.0	54 22nd Feb.	183	14.0	3d.		
Portwood.	h April, Children	1 1 .	, ,		2-5	÷.	2215	28.7		134	10.3	£140 8s. 3d.
Po	13th	Ch	-2	20	639	8.	•	49	3.7	झ		
	16th Feb., 1942.		Total	94 50	11869	51.8	81 6th Feb.	099	17.7	3d.		
DAW BANK.		Children.	2-5	57	1859	18.9	:	101	6.3	£585 58.		
D/		Ch	-2	(1) 37 (2) 50	10010	32.9	•	559	11.4	£5		
	942.		1942.		Total	58	2708	35.1	59 7th Mar.	184	14.1	0 d.
EDGELEY.	Feb.,	Children.	2-5	.:	2339	30.4	•	156	12.0	£133 28.		
臣	2nd	C	-2	16	369	7.4		28	2.1	£1		
REDDISH.	1942.		Total	09	2938	38.6	56 27th Mar.	100	7.6	0 d.		
	19th Jan.,	1 .	2-5	40	2184	28.7		06	6.9	£145 98. C		
North	19th	CE	-2	20	754	6.6	•	10		£14		
ONINEAC	DATES.			Approved Accom.	Total Attendances during year.	Aver. daily Attendance for period	Maximum Daily Attendance	Total Attend. Saturday morning.	Aver. Attend. Saturday morning	Amount of Fees		

Figures for the following Nurseries are given for the period 1st January, 1946—31st March, 1946:—North Reddish, Edgeley, Portwood, Adswoood, Belmont. These Nurseries were taken over by the Education Committee on the 1st April, 1946. N.B.

Daw Bank Nursery. Figures for ages 2-5 given to 31st March, 1946.

The total attendances at the Nurseries for 1946, are summarised as follows:—

	1945.		1946.
North Reddish	13,773	• •	2,938
Edgeley	10,467	• •	2,708
Daw Bank	21,567	• •	11,869
Portwood	11,428	• •	2,854
Adswood	12,201	• •	2,677
Belmont	11,773	• •	2,911

	81,209		25,957

N.B.—Figures for the following Nurseries are given for the period 1st January – 31st March, 1946.

North Reddish, Edgeley, Portwood, Adswood, Belmont.

These Nurseries were taken over by the Education Committee on the 1st April, 1946.

It will be seen from the foregoing table that the Nurseries are justifying their establishment and serving a very useful purpose in giving so many of the future citizens of the Borough a healthier and a brighter start in life than they would otherwise have enjoyed.

CONTENTS. PAGES.	
Introduction	
General Provision of Health Services	for the Area
Laboratory Facilities Sanitary Circumstances of the Area	19–23
Housing Inspection and Supervision of Food	24-27
Prevalence of, and Control Over, Infectious and Other Diseases 30-37	
Tuberculosis 38-42 Venereal Diseases 43-44	
Maternity and Child Welfare	
INDEX.	
PAGE.	P.
Ambulance Facilities	Nursing Arrangements Nursing Homes Registration Act,
Area of Borough 3	1927 Nutrition
Births and Birth-rate	Offensive Trades
Births visited	Orthopaedic Treatment Pathological Examinations18, 41
Bye-Laws, etc	Pharmacy & Poisons Act, 1933
Cancer	Population
Child Life Protection	Pre-School Child
Child Welfare Centres	Premises and Occupations controlled by Regulations
Corporation Houses 24–25	Prosecutions
Dairies, Cowsheds, etc	Public Cleansing
Dental Treatment 41	Rag Flock Acts
Diphtheria Immunisation 35 Disinfestation	Rateable Value
Dispensary-Tuberculosis38, 40-42	Registrar-General's Classified List
Domiciliary Midwifery Service 47 Drainage and Sewerage 19	of Causes of Death 9 Rivers and Streams
Fertilising and Feeding Stuffs Act 30	Sanatoria Accommodation
Food—Adulteration, etc	Sanitary Inspection of Area 20 Schools
Health Visitors' Work 47, 49	Shell Fish (Molluscan)
Hospitals and Institutions:— Isolation	Shops Acts
Stepping Hill	Statistical Memorandum
Ice Cream Vendors 30	Statutory Notices served during year 21 Stepping Hill Hospital 11
Illegitimacy	Still-births
Infant Mortality 45	Welfare Voluntary Committee
Infectious Diseases	Swimming Baths and Pools Transferable Deaths
Isolation Hospital 36, 37	Tuberculosis:
Laboratory Facilities	Pulmonary 3, 4, 5, 9, 33, 34, 38 Non-Pulmonary 3, 4, 5, 9, 33, 34, 38
Local Powers relating to Public	Tuberculosis, Treatment of 40
Health	Vaccination
Maternal Deaths 3, 4, 10, 14, 16, 46	Vital Statistics—Comparative
Measles	Statement Ward Distribution of New Houses
Midwives	War Time Nurseries 52
Milk (Mothers and Children) Order, 1919 51	Water Supply Water Closets:—Accommodation.
Milk Samples. 27, 28, 29 Milk Supply 27, 28, 29	Inspection of
Mortality Statistics 3–10	Number Newly Erected Welfare of the Blind
Notifiable Infectious Diseases 30, 33, 34 35, 36, 37	Whooping Cough 3, 9, 33, 34, 35 Young Persons (Employment) Act
Notification of Births 46	Young Persons (Employment) Act